Configuring a USB Ethernet Network Interface (NIC) on LNL-X Series Controllers

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Overview

All LNL-X Series controllers support a secondary network interface via a USB adapter. The use of this secondary NIC on the controller is to provide an alternate network connection to the controller's communication server.

Procedure Steps

Configure NIC2 for Alternate/Backup/Stand-by Host Communication

In case of network failure on NIC 1, NIC 2 can be configured as an alternate connection. If a communication failure occurs, the system reports the communication failure to the application, then automatically uses the alternate connection. If network communication is re-established on NIC 1, NIC 1 is used again, and NIC 2 resumes a stand-by role.

- 1. Logon to the panel's Configuration Manager web page.
- 2.
- a. On the Network tab, configure the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway for Interface 1 (NIC 1).
- b. Configure the IP Address and Subnet Mask for interface 2 (NIC2).
- 3. In this example, static IP addresses are used for both NIC 1 and NIC 2.

		Network Setting
Host name of this o	levice:	
LNL-x4420		
(only 0-9, a-z, A-Z,	(period), -(hyphen) a	re allowed)
Interface 1 (NIC1)	
Use DHCP me	thod to obtain IP a	ddress automatically
Use Static IP	configuration:	
IP Address:		192.168.200.226
Subnet Mask:		255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:		192.168.200.1
	work Interface 2	address automatical
- obe briter in		
Use Static II configuration:	P	
Use Static II	P 192.168.200.2	37
Use Static In configuration:		
 Use Static II configuration: IP Address: 	192.168.200.2 255.255.255.1	

Note: The web configuration can only be accessed through NIC1. Putting both interfaces on the same subnet may cause unpredictable behavior for both the controller web configuration pages and the controller communicating to the OnGuard Communication Server.

4. Enable an Alternate Host Port as configured below.

	Ho	st Communication	
Communication Address:	0 •	Use IPv6 Or	ıly
Primary Host Port Connection Type:	IP Server *	Data Security:	None •
Interface: Port Number:	NIC1 * 300	1 Allow All	Authorized IP Address Required
Authorized IP Addres			
Alternate Host Por Connection Type: Interface:	IP Server T NIC2 T	Data Security:	None
Port Number:	3	Allow All	Authorized IP Address required
Authorized IP Addre	SS:		
-			

- 5. Enable Peer Certificate
- 6. Log into OnGuard System Administration and configure a secondary connection for the controller.

Connection type: IPv4 ~	Location	Primary Connection	Secondary Connection	Optio
IPv4 ~	Conne	ction type:		
	IPv4		¥.	
IP address: Port			F	ort:

8. In OnGuard Alarm Monitoring, the normal display for dual connections is shown.

	185	System Status Tree (all devices)
	~	Monitor Zone 1
~		> INL-x4420 (Firmware Revision:1.275; Comm. Path:Primary)
9.		

In the event of a failure of the Primary NIC 1, the Secondary NIC 2 will take over host communications until the primary connection is restored. The failover is shown in both the System Status Tree as an event posted to the Alarm Monitoring window.

Communications switched to NIC 2:

🗸 🔜 Monitor Zone 1	
> 🔚 LNL-x4420 (Firmware Revision:1.275; Comm. Path:Secon	idary/Failover)
Viewing: all Active count: 0 Offline count: 0 Mask count	t: 0
🌣 Main Alarm Monitor	
Alarm Description	Time/Date
	Time/Date 11:29:55 AN

10. Communications restored to NIC 1:



Web Configuration: Advanced Networking

- LNL-X series controllers networking caveats:
- •
- Only one default gateway can be defined in the routing table as shown on the Advanced Networking page.
- NIC 1 and NIC 2 cannot both be configured to connect on the same subnet. A subnet maybe segmented by use of subnet masks.
- A useful tool is the Subnet Mask Cheat Sheet: https://dnsmadeeasy.com/support/subnet/
- Configuring both NICs to use a static IP is recommended.
- Some network configurations that use one NIC on DHCP and the other set to a static IP may result in the creation of two default gateways. Use the Advanced Networking page to correct this issue.
- The Advanced Networking page is designed to manipulate the routing table running on the Linux OS. One intended usage allows the NIC2 network to be isolated from the network used for host communication to provide more security. Many elevator implementations use this functionality to isolate the elevator system network from any outside traffic.
- It is advised that DHCP not be used when using multiple NICs. Changes at the DHCP server (like netmask changes) can affect the panel's ability to connect to the network.

Applies To

- OnGuard (all versions)
- LNL-X Series controllers

Additional Information

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